

Model Driven Development Through the Agile Looking Glass



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Objectives

- Present Sapient's point-of-view on emerging software development trends
- Discuss how Agile and MDD are together changing the way we develop





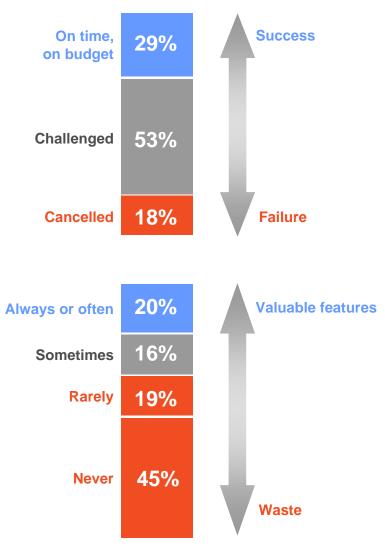
Agenda

- A look at the current state of the industry
- What is the problem we are trying to solve?
- Our solution
- Pilot projects, results and benefits
- Questions and feedback



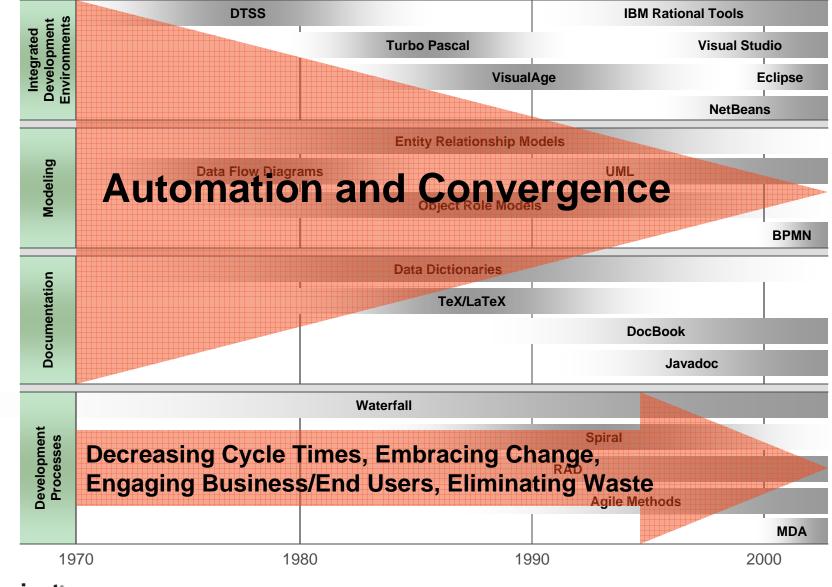
How is our industry performing?

- The vast majority of projects still do not complete on time or on budget
- For solutions that are actually delivered, nearly <u>two-thirds</u> of the features built are rarely or never used – in other words, waste!
- The root cause of this waste is fundamentally driven by the ways that partners engage with their clients
- Customers have been burned and aren't willing to wait before seeing ROI – they want to know the solution will meet their needs



Source: The Chaos Chronicles, The Standish Group, 2004.

A Brief (Abridged) History of Software Development...



A common way to develop custom applications today...



Gather requirements



Create models – business process models, object models, data models, ...



Translate these models to code. Code a lot!

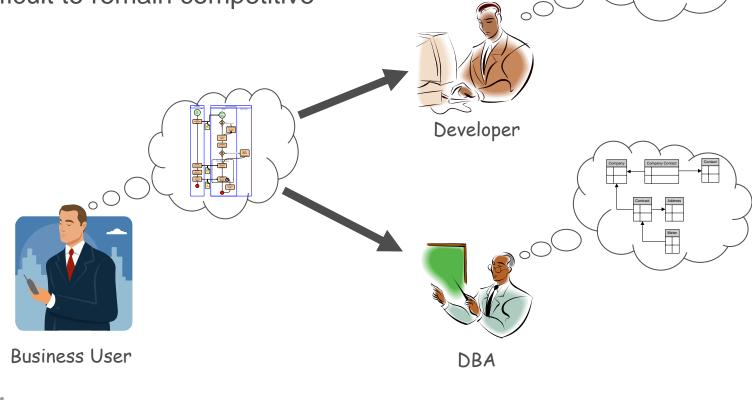


Test, fix and tune the "crude" application until it is refined. Iterate, iterate, iterate...



What's wrong with this approach?

- Laborious and inefficient
- Several tasks are repetitive, mundane and boring
- Technology cannot keep up with business
- Implementation does not match the requirements
- Difficult to remain competitive



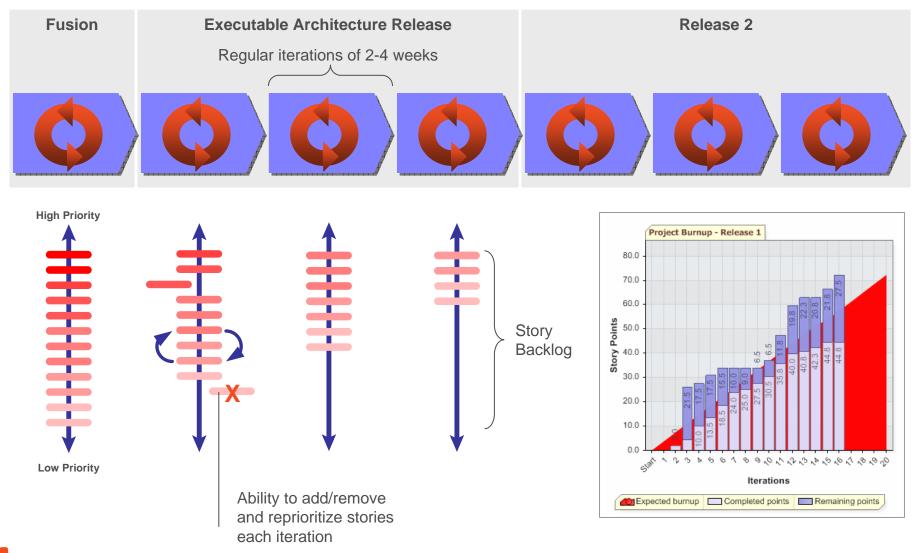
What can we do to change this?

- Create a process that adapts to changing business needs
 - Provide frequent opportunities to business/end users to offer feedback
- Raise the level of abstraction
 - Let developers focus on the business problem not on technology trivia
- Eliminate manual translations to get from requirements to code
 - Recognise repetitive tasks and patterns
 - Automate, automate, automate!

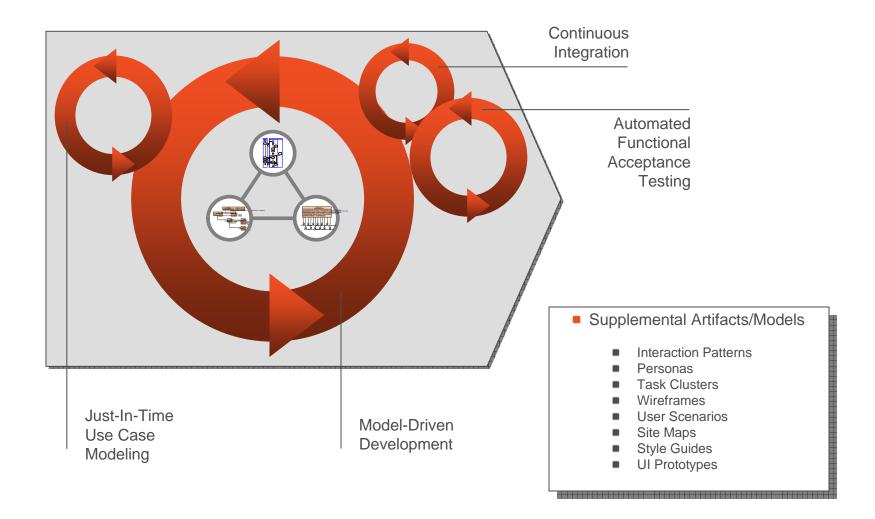
So how do we do that?



Introducing Sapient|Approach



Sapient|Approach – A typical iteration



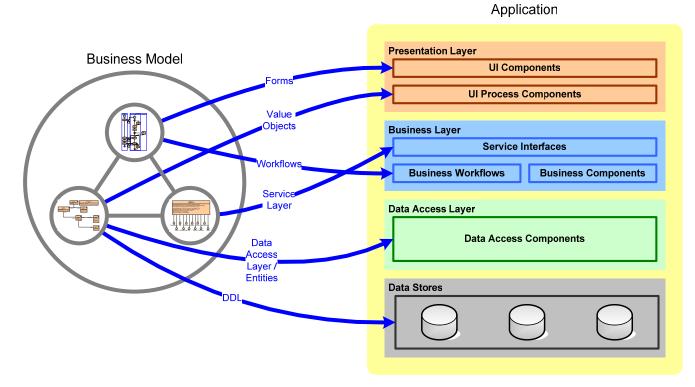
Model Driven Development

- A software development approach where system implementation is truly driven by the business model
- The business model is independent of technology
- Business model is automatically translated into a technology solution by identifying common patterns
- Business concepts are described only once but drive multiple application layers and multiple technologies
- Supports system evolution as technologies come and go
- Brings the fun back to application development!





So how does MDD work?



- All application layers driven from a single **business** model
- Business model automatically translated to technology model(s) and code
 - This is done by recognising common business patterns
- Example a business entity can generate
 - A Plain Old Java (POJO)/C# Object
 - A Data Access Object (DAO)
 - SQL for generating database tables, constraints and indexes

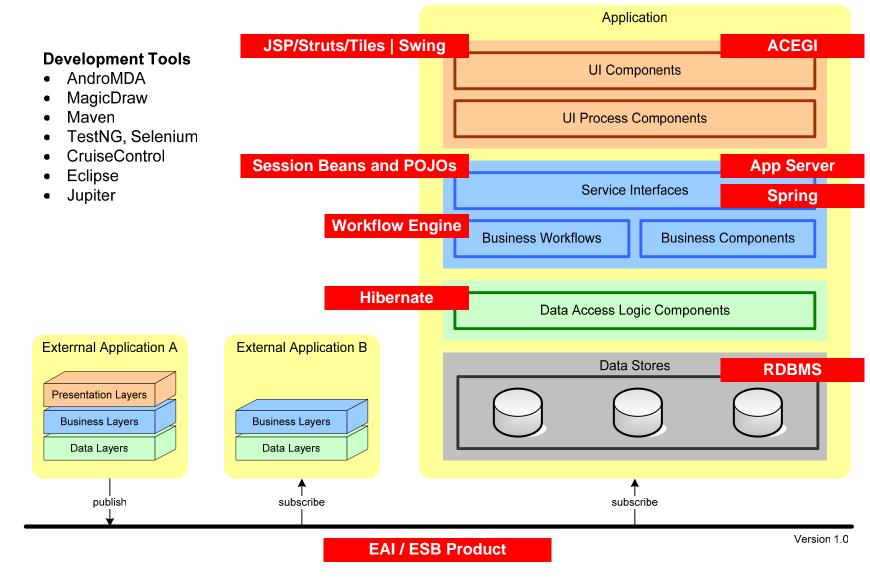
But we already do that with CASE tools – what's different?

- Traditionally CASE tools have been used for
 - Business modelling and/or technology modelling
 - No connection between the two
- Code generation is usually done from technical models
 - One-to-one mapping between classes in the model and classes in code
- Model Driven Development changes all that!
 - Business model generates entire layers of your application
 - One model element can generate several implementation artefacts
- What are the enablers that make this possible now?
 - Standardisation of service models and technologies such as
 - Web Services
 - J2EE and .NET platforms
 - Availability of innovative application frameworks such as
 - Hibernate / NHibernate
 - Spring / Spring.NET
 - Struts / ASP.NET
 - Swing / Windows Forms
 - Advent of business-process centric platforms such as
 - jBPM / WebLogic Integration / WebSphere BI / Windows Workflow / BizTalk

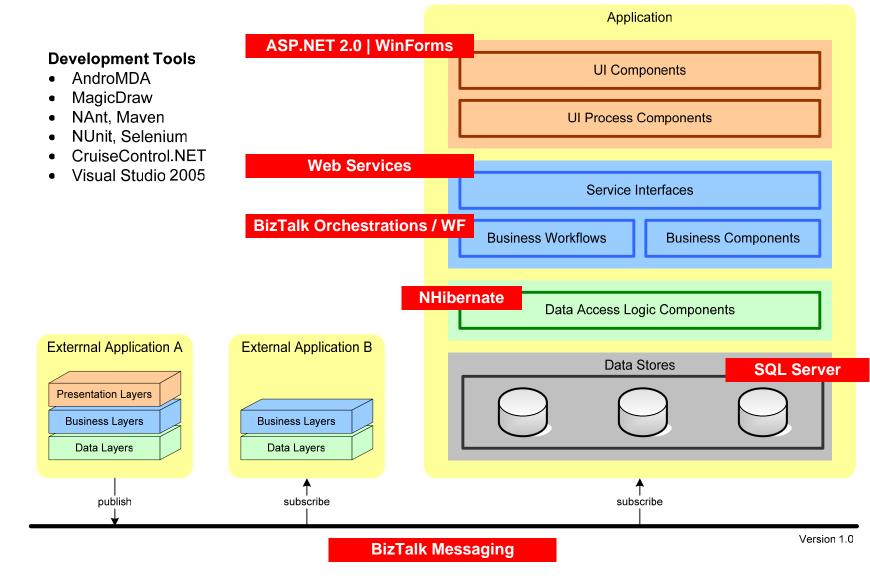
Sapient|Approach Technology Stack



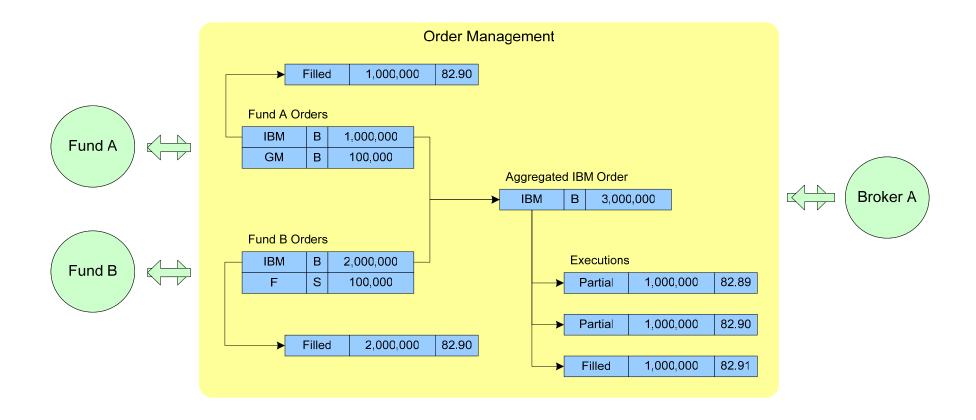
S|A Technology Stack for Java



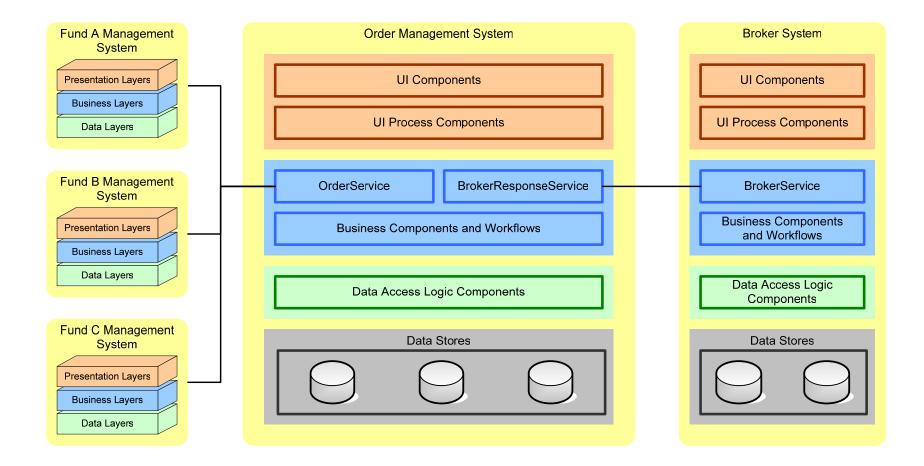
S|A Technology Stack for .NET



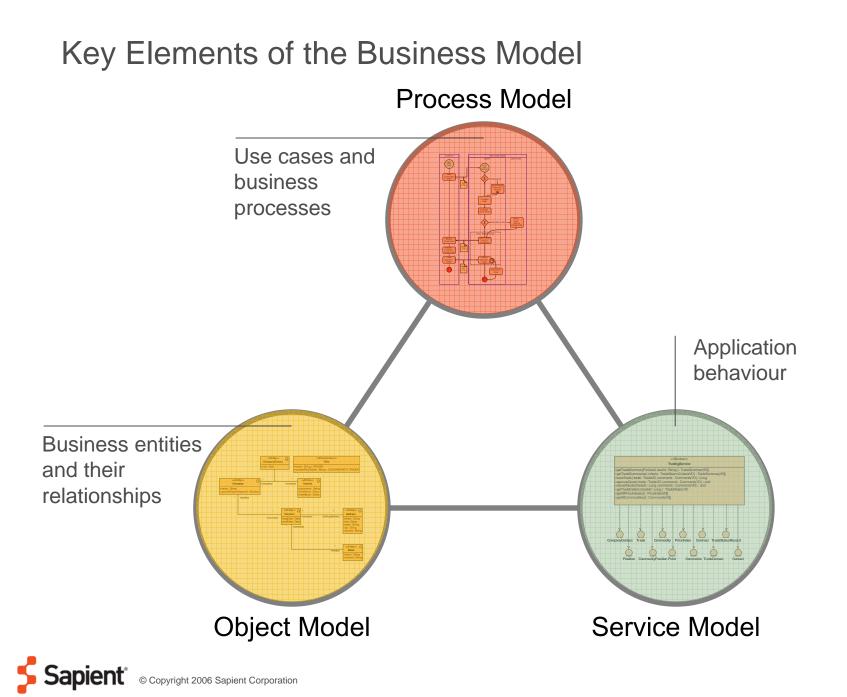
Order Execution Scenario



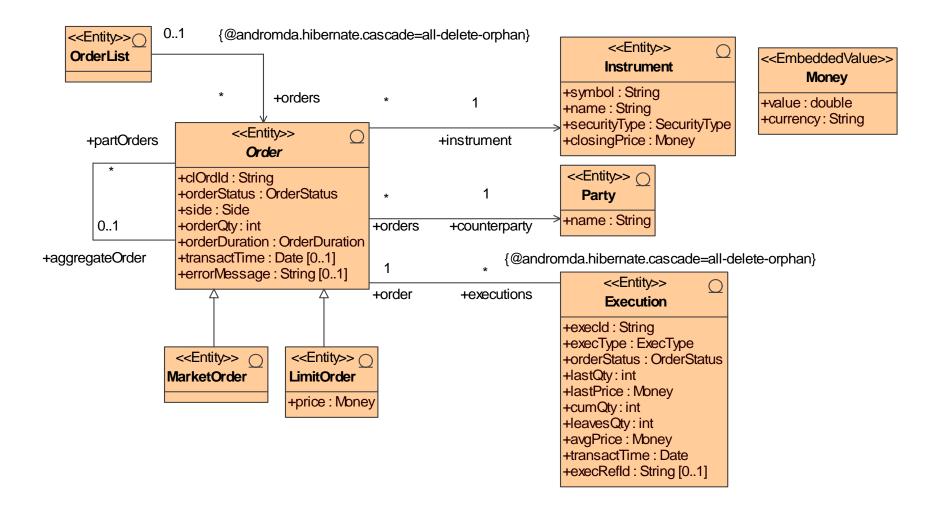
Logical Architecture





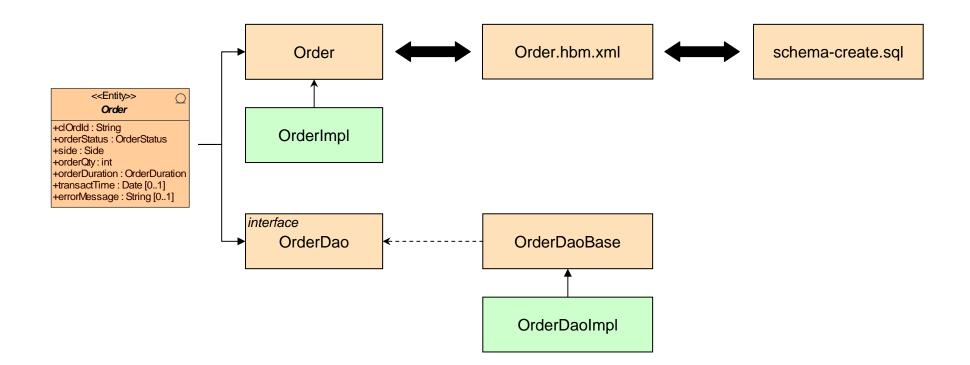


Object Model



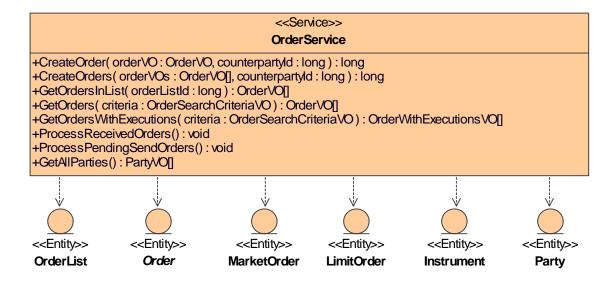


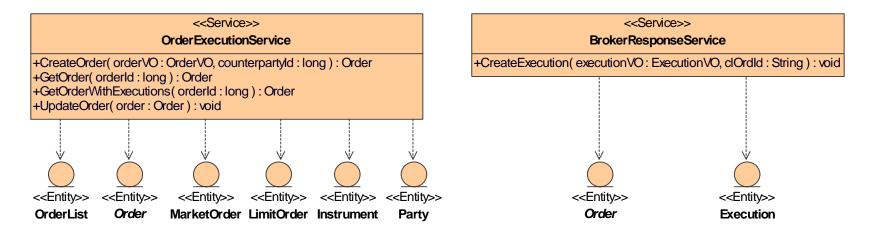
Code Generated for Order Entity



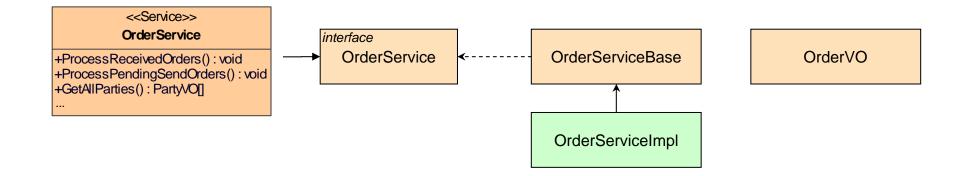


Service Model



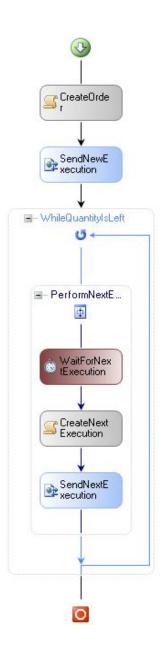


Code Generated for OrderService





Process Model



Demonstration

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Pilot Projects, Results and Benefits



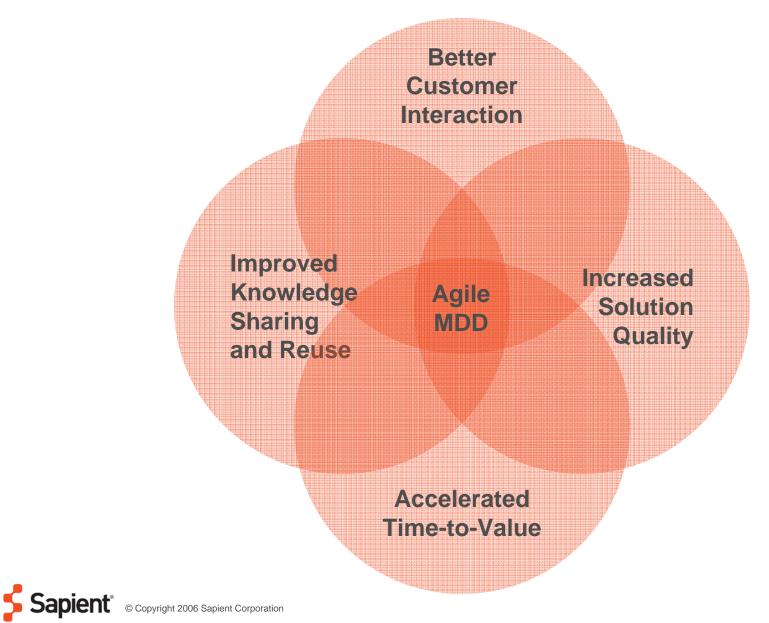
Pilot Projects

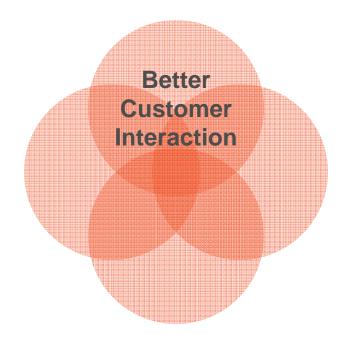
- High Energy
 - Reference application for the S|A Technology Stack
 - Increases operational efficiency in natural gas trading
 - Achieved 25% LOE reduction over traditional approach
- German Telecom client
 - Value-added services based on directory data
 - Delivered in 6 weeks, although estimates using traditional techniques predicted this was not possible
- North American Energy Services client
 - Project 1: Lower natural gas costs by aggregating customer needs
 - Project 2: Collection of gas usage information from disparate sources
 - Reduced overall development time and effort, higher quality results
- North American Financial Services client
 - Replaced EJB2 style entity beans with Hibernate 3.1
 - The targeted use case of processing 250 items dropped from 31 sec. to around 15 sec. With L2 cache, it dropped to under 10 sec. The desired SLA is 8 sec.
 - Approximately 50% of the code remains unchanged, which accounts for 7 sec. of the total time.
 - The amount of code, and code complexity was also significantly reduced

Results from High Energy

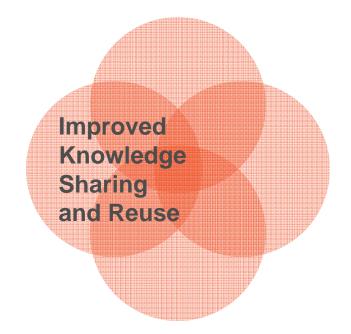
- Statistics: Middle-Tier
 - 85% of code generated automatically
- Statistics: Front-End
 - 68% of code generated automatically
- We believe that MDD provides at least 30% gain in productivity
 - Higher if team is highly experienced with MDD and the technology stack
- Similar results obtained by an independent study conducted by The Middleware Company
 - "The result of this study is the MDA team developed their application 35% faster than the traditional team."
 - http://www.omg.org/mda/mda_files/MDA_Comparison-TMC_final.pdf



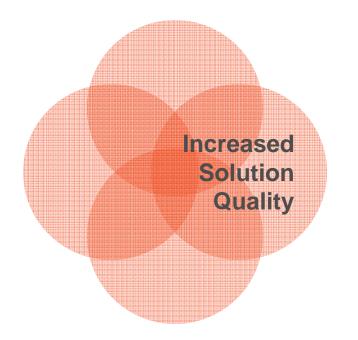




- Common language for business users and developers
 - Models describe business requirements precisely and succinctly
- Greater focus on getting the business model right
 - Code is just a by-product of wellunderstood customer requirements
- Models always represent the current state of the system
 - Not just a piece of outdated documentation
 - Models are first-class artefacts, as is source code
 - Solution's expected behaviour is unambiguous to all stakeholders

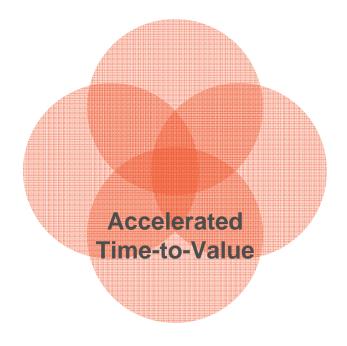


- Preserves investment in business models
 - Supports system evolution as technologies come and go
 - Enables expression of accumulated industry knowledge in the form of reusable domain-specific business models



- More thought put into design patterns instead of hacking code
 - Relentless commitment to simple design and YAGNI
- Reduces possibility of human error





- Lower level of effort
 - Finally, there is a way to automatically crank out mundane code
- Faster response to changing business needs
 - Developers are less likely to resist requirement changes
 - Code generation takes care of low-level implementation details



Questions and Feedback



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